

Migration and Post2015
Sustainable
Development



WIMLER Foundation Hong Kong

Enhancing Capacities for Development



The 8 Millennium Development Goals











2000-2015









GOALS constitute an integrated, indivisible set of global priorities for sustainable development.

TARGETS are defined as aspirational global targets, with each government setting its own national targets guided by the global level of ambition but taking into account national circumstances.

The GOALS and TARGETS integrate economic, social and environmental aspects and recognize their interlinkages in achieving sustainable development in all its dimensions.



in 2000 our leaders committed to halve extreme poverty

We have made great progress but 1.4 billion people still live in poverty. Inequality is growing and our planet is at risk.

Together we can save people and planet



By September 2015, the member states of the United Nations will have negotiable the sustainable goals (SDGs) and subsidiary targets and indicators. These goals will frame a new international development agenda to replace the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), adopted in 2000 and will expire at the end of 2015.

The MDGS did not contain any target setting on migration and development.









The United Nations summit for the adoption of the post-2015 development agenda will be held from 25 to 27 September 2015, in New York and convened as a high-level plenary meeting of the General Assembly.

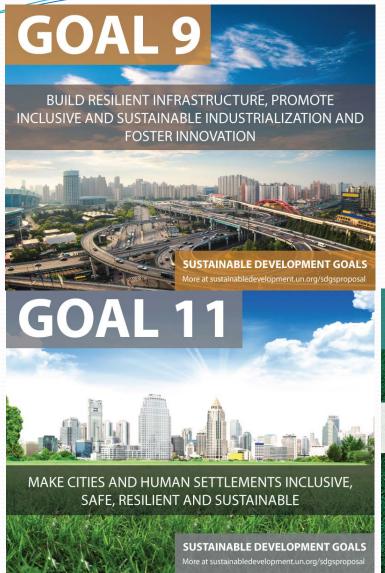


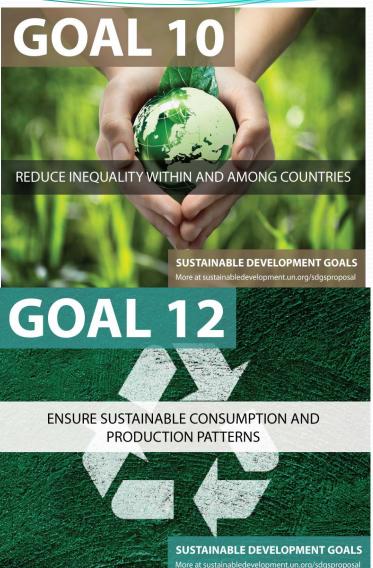
















SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

More at sustainabledevelopment.un.org/sdgsproposal

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SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



























Réunion mondiale de la consultation thématique sur l'éducation dans le cadre de l'agenda post-2015 Dakar, Sénégal, 18-19 mars 2013

Global Meeting of the Thematic Consultation on Education in the Post-2015 Development Agenda Dakar, Senegal, 18-19 March 2013

www.worldwewant2015.org/education2016 www.worldwewant2015.org/th/education2015



Civil Society

"Stockholm Agenda"

on migrant and

migration-related

goals and targets

in post-2015 global and national development agendas









FAIR MIGRATION AND THE POST-2015 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AGENDA 2 22 4 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2

MIGRATION AND THE UNITED NATIONS POST-2015 DEVELOPMENT **AGENDA**



Migration is an integral part of the big development questions that are being put on the table for the post-2015 Agenda.



Migration and Development Nexus



By 2030,

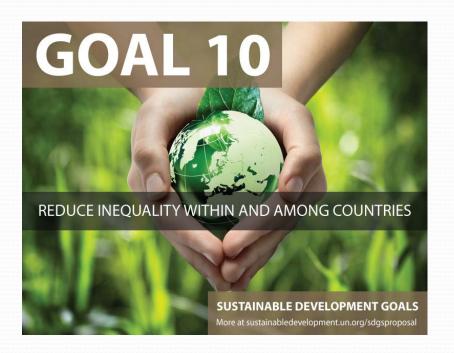
8.3 promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises including through access to financial services

8.8 protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments of all workers, including migrant workers, particularly women migrants, and those in precarious employment

8.10 strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and to expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all



Migration and Development Nexus



10.2 by 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status

(10.7) by 2030, facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies."

10.c) by 2030, reduce to less than 3% the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5%



Migration and Development Nexus



17.16 by 2030, enhance the global partnership for sustainable development complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technologies and financial resources to support the achievement of sustainable development goals in all countries, particularly developing countries

17.17 by 2030, encourage and promote effective public, public-private, and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships



The inclusion of migration into the post-2015 goals is an advancement on the MDGs, and a move towards acknowledging the migration-development nexus.

Forced migration, however, is excluded.





Why we are here today?

- 1) Why Filipinos migrate
- 2) Know the global dynamics of remittances
- 3) Identify ways to help migrants and their families to achieve their migration goals
- 4) Gather existing initiatives and practices on how to harness migrant's remittances for sustainable development
- 5) Stimulate and initiate broad-based collaboration among state and private sectors (migrant groups, NGO, LGU, academe, microfinance institutions, etc)
- 6) Learn examples of initiatives that can be replicated



Thank You

WIMLER FOUNDATION Philippines

